Sex Reassignment Surgery

April 2014

Implementation of Funding for Sex Reassignment Surgery

Background

The process leading up to sex reassignment surgery (SRS) is complex and typically involves a number of stages. This can include counselling, medical assessment, endocrine (hormone) therapy, surgery, and follow-up care.

Nova Scotia currently insures the required counselling and hormone therapy in specific clinical circumstances. Government has committed to insuring sex reassignment surgery by April 1, 2014.

SRS can be broadly categorized into three areas:

- Removal of the internal and external organs associated with the current sex
- Reconstruction of the external characteristics of the desired sex
- Procedures to enhance the appearance and more closely match the desired sex

The Department of Health and Wellness has performed a comprehensive review of this issue, which included economic analyses, literature review, jurisdictional scan, and policy considerations. The department discovered that:

- Eligibility for SRS can be considered in two ways:
 - Clinical eligibility, referencing a patient's clinical suitability and appropriateness for surgery, and
 - Insurance eligibility relative to a Province's health coverage plan.

On both fronts, the eligibility requirements for SRS vary by Province.

- Similarly, the scope of insured surgical procedures varies by Province, as well as what aspects of the care are covered. The procedure may be covered, but the facility fee or the travel expenses may be the responsibility of the patient. Certain procedures may be insured, but only under certain clinical conditions.
- There are some surgical procedures related to SRS that can be performed in NS and others require referring the patient out of Province.



Process to access Insured SRS benefits in Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia will follow the lead of other provinces in the types of procedures for which it provides public funding and the process it uses to provide access to care.

To access sex reassignment surgery, a patient should start with their family physician, Community Mental Health or access prideHealth through the Capital District Health Authority. Clinical eligibility for SRS will be determined through application of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) criteria for assessment. This involves an initial psychiatric and medical assessment and management before considering surgery, ongoing psychiatric and medical management after surgery, and is consistent with other Canadian jurisdictions that insure SRS.

Medical assessment and management may include counseling, and determining clinical eligibility for endocrine treatment depending on a particular patient's needs. A physician, community mental health team member or prideHealth care provider will assist the patient in making the necessary connections to these services.

Once a patient has received a positive recommendation to continue with surgery, they work with their physician and a surgeon or surgeons (depending on the number of surgeries being performed) to develop a surgical plan. The patient will discuss with the surgeon or surgeons and their family physician about what after-care could be needed after SRS, and how that will be administered.

If the surgical plan requires out of province travel, the patient's surgeon needs to work with Medical Services Insurance (MSI) staff to review the supports available under the DHW`s "Out of Province Treatment" and "Out of Province Travel and Accommodation" policies. <u>Patients seeking out of province coverage</u> <u>for SRS require pre-approval by MSI.</u>

Surgeries Insured in Nova Scotia

Following extensive analysis of what surgeries are publically funded in other provinces in Canada and what surgeries are currently available in Nova Scotia, the Department of Health and Wellness has determined that the following surgeries will be publically funded in Nova Scotia for the purposes of sex reassignment surgery:

A. Removal of the external and/or internal organs associated with the current sex:

Female to Male (FtM):

- Male to Female (MtF):
- Mastectomy

Oophorectomy

- Penectomy
 - Orchiectomy
- Hysterectomy
- **B.** Reconstruction of the external characteristics of the desired sex:

Female to Male (FtM):

Male to Female (MtF):

- Phalloplasty
- Vaginoplasty
- Metoidoplasty

All of the reconstruction surgeries will require travel out of the province, as these surgeries are currently not performed in Nova Scotia.

If you are interested in accessing sex reassignment surgery, you are encouraged to contact your family physician, a community mental health provider in your area or prideHealth

(http://www.cdha.nshealth.ca/pridehealth).

For questions about these surgeries, please contact the Department of Health and Wellness at (902) 424-5744.

